

Writing A+ Paper 5

OR, HOW TO SURVIVE
THE TYRANNY OF
TURABIAN



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Writing A+ Papers

Conforming Form

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Contending Content

Writing A+ Papers

- Conforming Form
- Restyling Style
- Contending Content

Conforming Form

YOU CAN'T SCORE A
TOUCHDOWN IF YOU DON'T
STAY IN BOUNDS





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Referee

KATE L. TURABIAN

Turabian

Vlanual Writers

search s, Theses, issertations

JNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS EDITORIAL STAFF

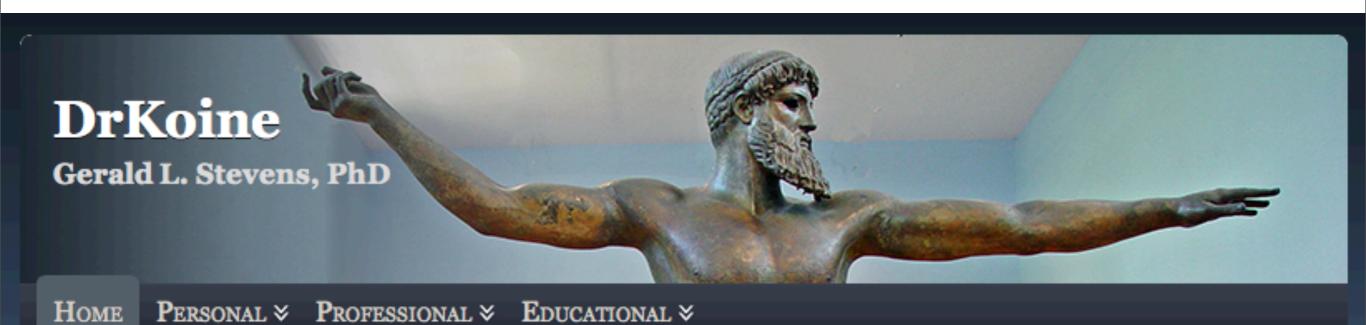
7th Edition

Kate L. Turabian

A Manual for Writers

of Research

drkoine.com



Home

hrobach donkosyr



This website is by Gerald L. Stevens, Ph.D. ("DrKoine") at New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary. The threefold purpose of the dropdown menu above is:

- Personal: to provide personal information to get to know the professor beyond the classroom.
- Professional: to provide professional information to get to know the professor within the academic guild.
- Educational: to provide educational information in support of his teaching career.

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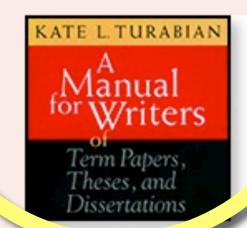


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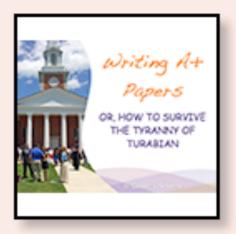


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Turabian Form

PETER'S CONFESSION AT CAESAREA PHILIPPI:

AN EXEGESIS OF MK. 8:27-38



PETER'S CONFESSION AT CAESAREA PHILIPPI: AN EXEGESIS OF MK. 8:27–38

A Term Paper

Submitted to Dr. Gerald L. Stevens

of the

New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary

In Partial Fulfillment
of the Requirements for the Course
Introduction to Biblical Hermeneutics
in the Division of Biblical Studies

John Q. Doe

BS, University of Southern Mississippi, 2013

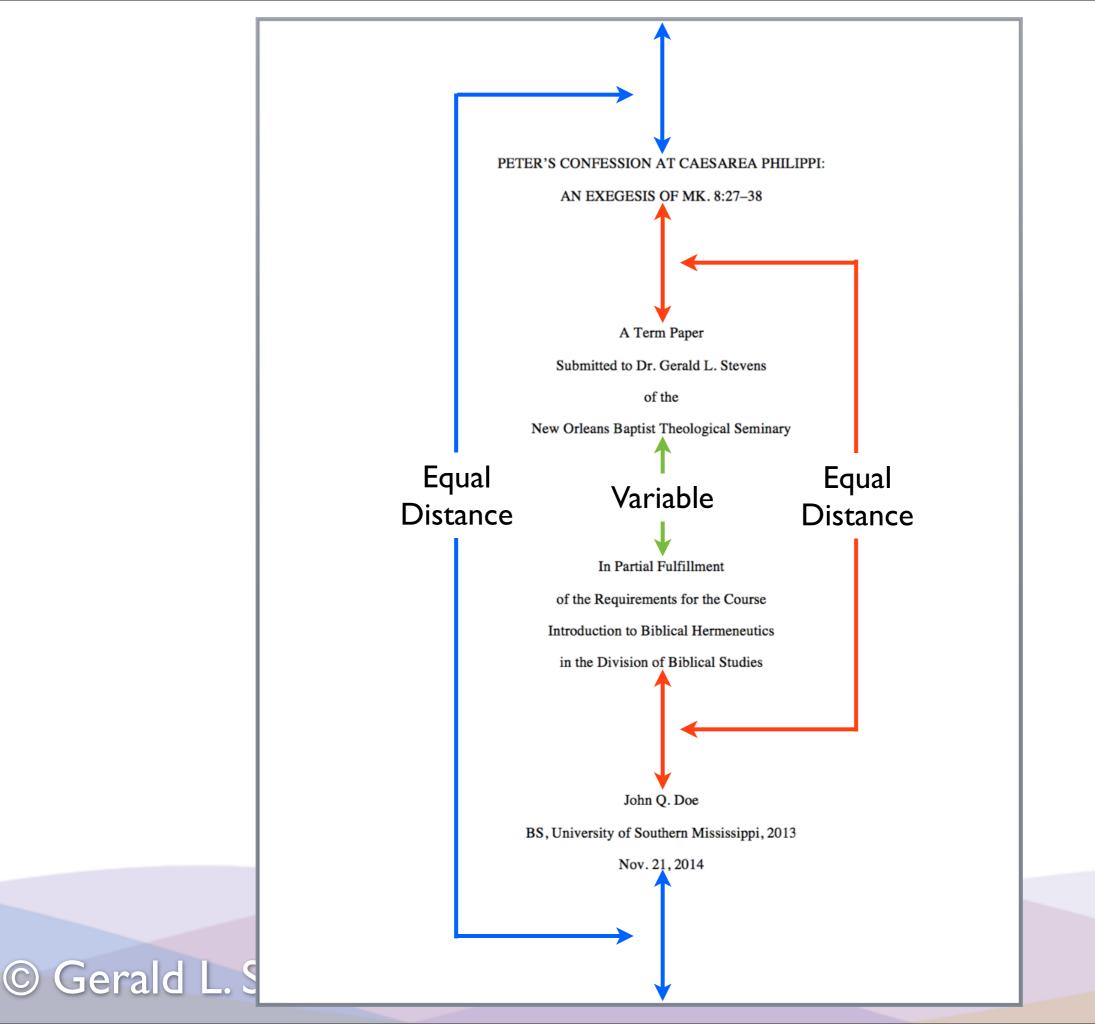


Turabian Form



Turabian Form





PETER'S CONFESSION AT CAESAREA PHILIPPI:

AN EXEGESIS OF MK. 8:27-38

- all caps
- 48 space/line rule
- inverted pyramid
- abbreviated Scripture

In Partial Fulfillment

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headline style

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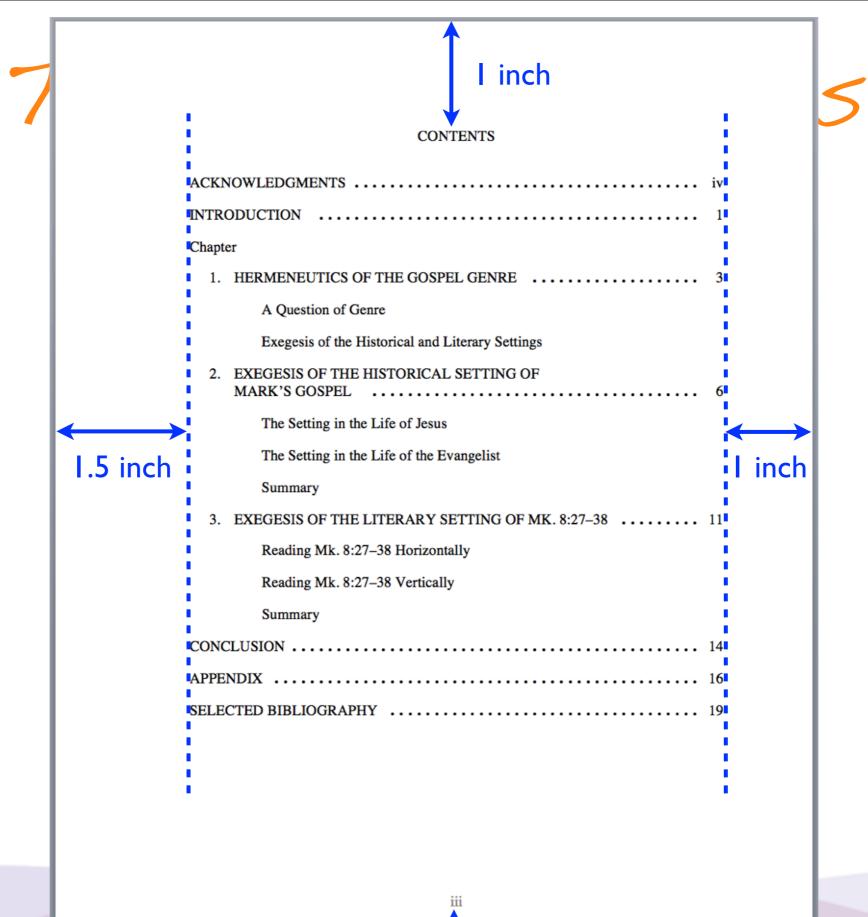
Introduction to Piblical Harmanautics

month abbreviated



John Q. Doe

BS, University of Southern Mississippi, 2013



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• all caps

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| Exegesis of the Historical and Literary Settings | |
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| The Setting in the Life of the Evangelist | |
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headline

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Hint: never use the spacebar to space anything!

• leader dots

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Chapters always being on a new page.

INTRODUCTION

A review of the history of Jewish and Christian interpretation will reveal the many levels at which Scripture can be read. Each period has made contributions to an understanding of the complex nature of interpretation. Probably the most formative period for setting the parameters of current interpretive methods was the Reformation, which represented four major breaks in the history of interpretation: (1) a break with multiple meanings, (2) a break with traditional authority, (3) a break with Latin translations, and (4) a break with the medieval worldview. The literal method was reinstated as the primary tool for understanding the text of Scripture. In this method, the plain, literal meaning of a text within the historical and literary context is determinative for the interpretive process. Thus, this Reformation emphasis came to be called the grammatical-historical method. In a hermeneutical model focused on the three areas of text, interpreter, and audience, this Reformation method shifted the emphasis from the interpreter (the Roman Church and its traditions) back to the text.

The grammatical-historical method evolved into the historical-critical method in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. However, a positivist historicism elevated reason over revelation. This reductionist approach inevitably reduced the Jesus of history to a faint whisper. While this historical development could be seen as detrimental to biblical interpretation, not all modern methodologies are inherently destructive. Some, in

¹See Edgar Krentz, *The Historical-Critical Method*, Guides to Biblical Scholarship, ed. Gene M. Tucker (Philadelphia: Fortress Press, 1975); Craig A. Evans, "Life of Jesus Research and the Eclipse of Mythology," *Theological Studies* 54 (1993): 3–36.

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inch

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single space footnotes

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• subsequent page numbers top (center/right)



fact, can be helpful.² Form and redaction criticism, for example, in the study of the Gospels can provide valuable insight into the life settings of both Jesus and the evangelists.³ This paper will represent an attempt to capitalize on some of the positive results deriving from the application of these methodologies to gospel material in an interpretation of Peter's Confession at Caesarea Philippi as recorded in Mk. 8:27–38.

²The web site http://www.ntgateway.com may help in accessing resources using various methodologies. One article link on this site on the ending of Mark with relevance to this paper is J. D. H. Amador, "Dramatic Inconclusion: Irony and The Narrative Rhetoric of the Ending of Mark," *Journal for the Study of the New Testament* 57 (1995): 61-86, accessed at http://www.ars-rhetorica.net/David/Drama.html#19 on March 2, 2002.

³See Edgar V. McKnight, What Is Form Criticism? Guides to Biblical Scholarship, ed. Dan O. Via, Jr. (Philadelphia: Fortress Press, 1969); and Norman Perrin, What Is Redaction Criticism? Guides to Biblical Scholarship, ed. Dan O. Via, Jr. (Philadelphia: Fortress Press, 1971).

• bottom of text, not bottom of page!

2 cism, for example, in the study of the separator line life settings of both Jesus and the mpt to capitalize on some of the positive results deriving from the application of these methodologies to gospel material in an interpretation of Peter's Confession at Caesarea Philippi as recorded in Mk. 8:27-38. ²The web site http://www.ntgateway.com may help in accessing resources using • 2 inches long paragraph return before paragraph return after!

footnote text

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- no space after footnote number!
- same indentation as body paragraphs
- paragraph return between footnotes! -

Pesky Page Numbers

MOST STUDENTS CANNOT CONTROL PAGE NUMBERS

INSTEAD, THEY CREATE
SEPARATE WORD DOCUMENTS
FOR EVERY ELEMENT OF THE
PAPER (TITLE PAGE, SEPARATOR
PAGE, TABLE OF CONTENTS,
CHAPTERS, ETC.)—RIDICULOUS!



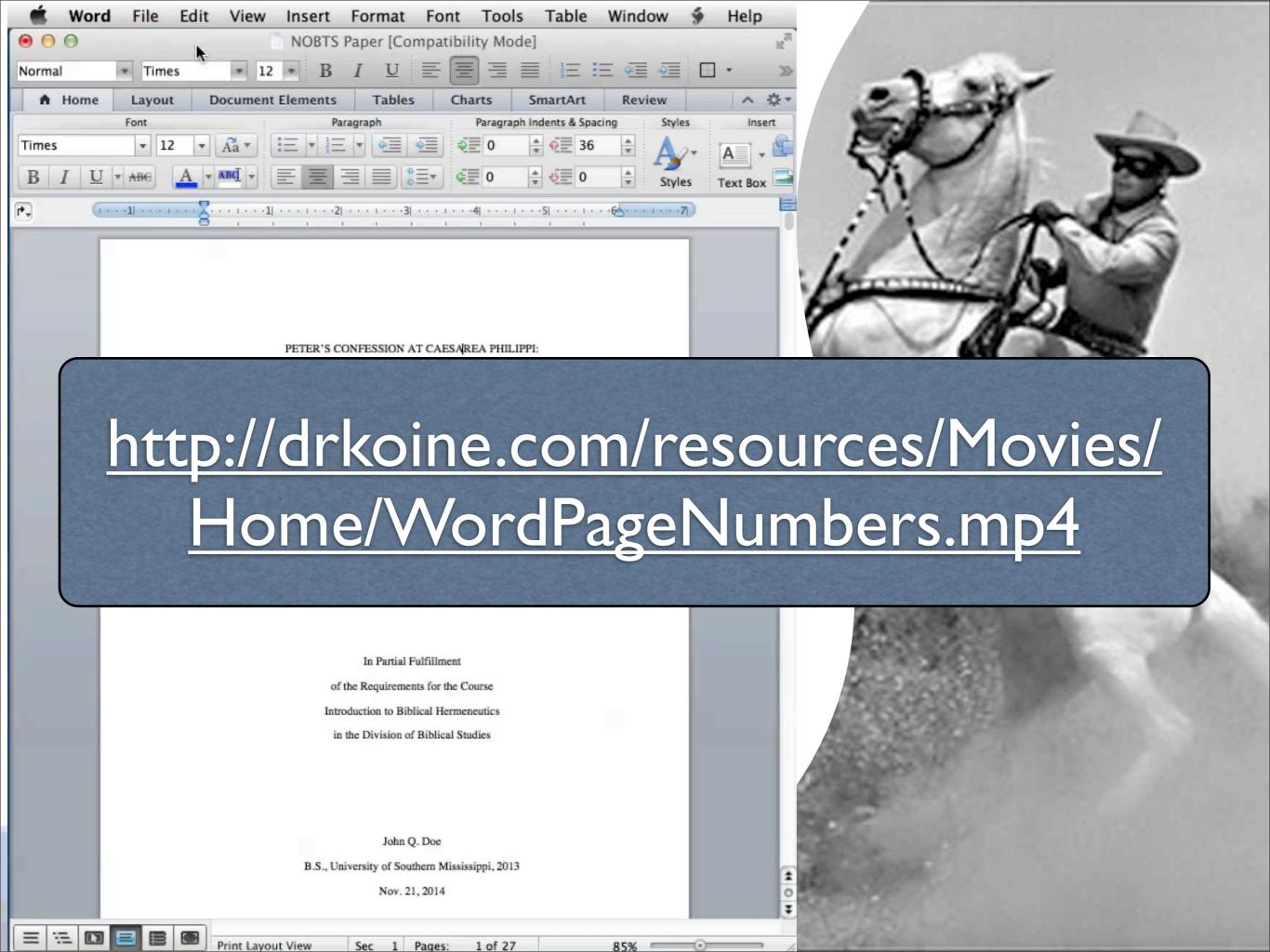
Number Solution



SECTIONS!



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Freakin' Footnotes

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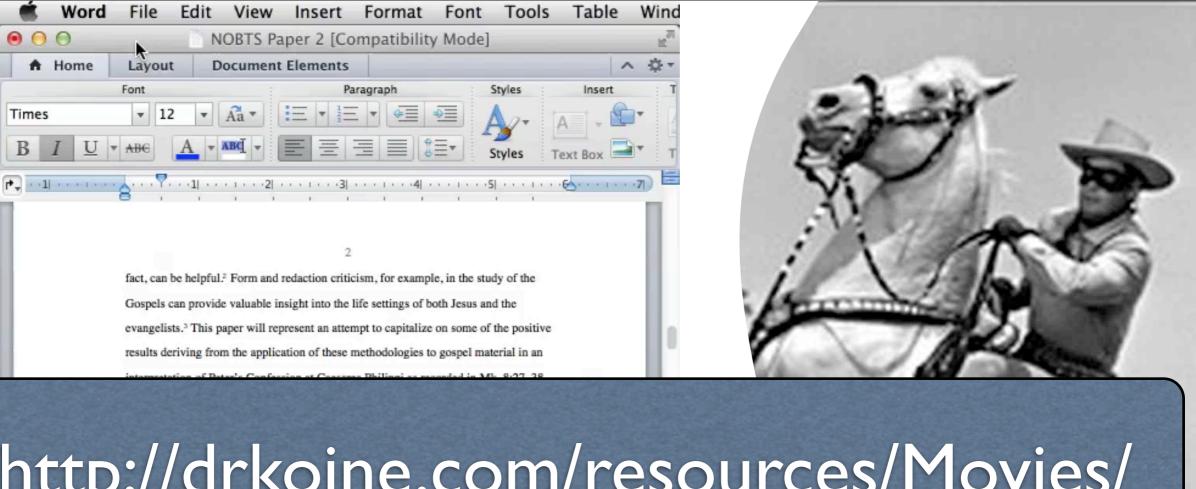


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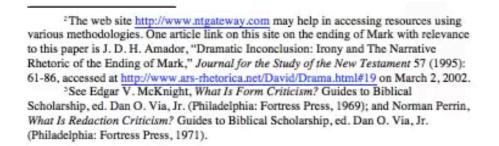


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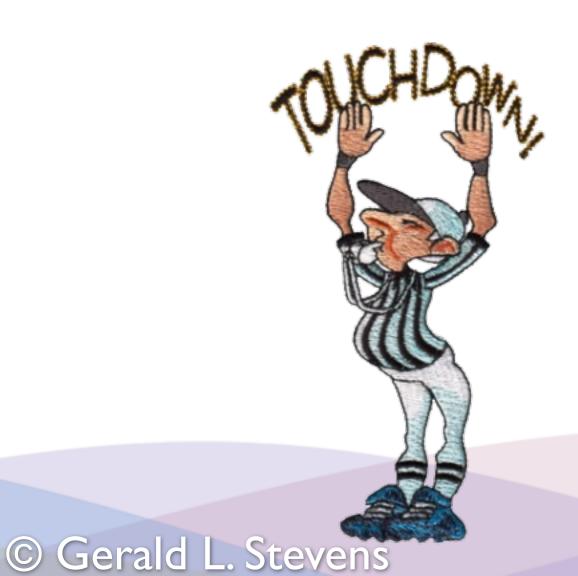
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Writing A+ Papers

- Conforming Form
- Restyling Style
- Contending Content

Restyling Style

YOU CAN'T SCORE A
TOUCHDOWN IF YOU DON'T
RUN LIKE THE WIND





Style Dressing Up Writing





Style Dressing Up Writing



Style



Style-Words

- Spelling
- Plurals, Possessives
- Compounds

Plural: s or es (Stevenses)

Poss/sing: 's (Stevens's)

Poss/plu: '(Stevenses')

Compounds: Noun/Adjective?

in the first century

first-century world

Consult Dictionary

Style-Words

- Spelling
 - Plurals, Possessives
 - Compounds
 - Punctuation
 - Periods, Commas
 - Hyphens, Dashes

Periods

follow by single space

never on non-sentence lists

Periods

follow by single space

never on non-sentence lists

INSIDE quote marks!

- 1. the historical background2. the literary background3. the sociological background
 - TOHOW DY SHILLS
 - never on non-sentence lists
 - INSIDE quote marks!

Periods

"You now have my final word."

INSIDE quote marks!



- three: words, phrases, and
- independent clauses
- which and that

Commas

the five books, which the five books that

which and that

Hyphens, Dashes

hyphen: first-century

n-dash: Rom. 1:3-4

m-dash: Romans 1-5

Hyphens Dashes

option—hyphen

hyph

n-dash: Rom. 1:3-4

m-dash: Romans 1-5

Hyphens, Dashes

hyphen finet century

option—shift—hyphen

n-dask

m-dash: Romans 1-5

Style-Words

- Spelling
 - Plurals, Possessives
 - Compounds
- Punctuation
 - Periods, Commas
- Hyphens, Dashes

Numbers

Words/Numbers?

Dates

Names or Numbers?

humanities: spell out

sciences: numbers

Dates

- August 2014; Aug. 21, 2014
- first, second decade; 1920s
- 1800s, nineteenth century
- 587 B.C.; A.D. 70

Dates

August 2014; Aug. 21, 2014

Turabian 8th: no periods BC, AD (also MDiv, am, etc.)

587 B.C.; A.D. 70

Style-Words

- Spelling
 - Plurals, Possessives
 - Compounds
- Punctuation
 - Periods, Commas
 - Hyphens, Dashes

- Numbers
 - Words/Numbers?
 - Dates
- Abbreviations
 - Bible Books
 - Units of Measure

Bible Books

| Traditional (periods) | Shorter (no periods) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Gen. | Gn |
| Jer. | Jer |
| Matt. | Mt |
| Rom. | Rom |

Commonly Used

| chap., chaps. | chapter, chapters |
|---------------|--------------------|
| p., pp. | page, pages |
| sing., plu. | singular, plural |
| trans. | translator, ed. by |
| ed. | editor, edited by |

Units of Measure

Humanities: words (five miles)

Sciences: numbers (5 mi)

Style-Sentences Symmetry



Style-Sentences Symmetry

These ideas are to love God, to love others, and running the race well.

Ver5U5

These ideas are to love God, to love others, and to run the race well.



- "There" is not a conjunction!
- "There is ...," "There are ..."
- "There was . . .," "There were . . ."
 - "There will be ..."

Style—Sentences Passives and Ambiguities "There" is not a conjunction!

There are many factors that affect this decision.

Ver5U5

Many factors affect this decision.

"It" is a cockroach in any sentence!

Squash that bug EVERY TIME!



- "It" is a cockroach in any sentence!
- Squash that bug EVERY TIME!

It is arguable whether he is able.

Ver5U5

Whether he is able is arguable.

- "It" is a cockroach in any sentence!
 - Squash that bug EVERY TIME!

John plays football and baseball. He now is training for it.

Ver5U5

He now is training for baseball.

- "It" is a cockroach in any sentence!
 - Squash that bug EVERY TIME!

It is not good to squander time.

Ver5U5

To squander time is not good.

Style-Paragraphs Continuity

After Paul established the church on the second missionary journey, he wrote 1-2 Corinthians from Ephesus on the third journey, about AD. 57. Although a major city in the Greek age, Corinth's later Roman history is more central to an exegesis of these letters.

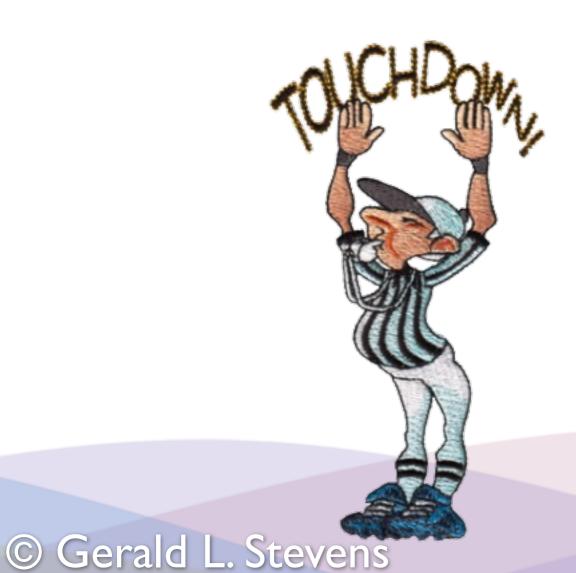
The story of Roman Corinth begins when the Romans destroyed the city after the Greeks lost the Achaean War in 146 B.C. Corinth lay deserted until Julius Caesar reestablished the city in 44 B.C. over a century later.

Writing A+ Papers

- Conforming Form
 - Restyling Style
 - Contending Content

Contending Content

YOU CAN'T SCORE A
TOUCHDOWN IF YOU DON'T
AVOID TACKLES





Content-Authority

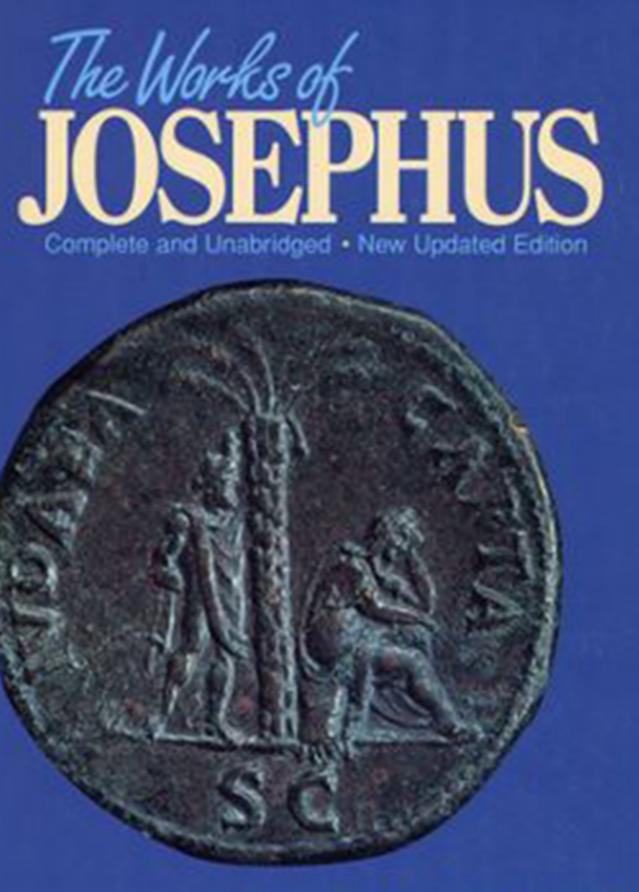


You will respect my authorital!!

Content-Authority

- The Authority of Sources
- Historical Authority Levels
- Primary Sources: Ancient Writers, HebrewOT, GreekNT





Translated by William Whiston

eekNT

MOENTON

ons



Content-Authority

- The Authority of Sources Historical Authority Levels
- Primary Sources: Ancient Writers, HebrewOT, GreekNT
- Secondary Sources: Commentaries, Translations



Content-Bibliography

- The Spectrum of Scholarship
- The Quality of Research
 - Depth of Research
 - Diversity of Resources
 - Date of Resources